ilonal. Twice a week advertisement, 75 per cent. additional.
Eight lines constitute a square. Less than a square charged in proportion, at the above raise, Editorial notices, 25 cents per line such tracertion. Local notices, 50 cents per line such tracertion. Advertisements coming under the heads of Wants, For fiels, For Eight, Lord and Found, not exceeding four lines, one tracertion. 25 cents; three times, 50 cents. Additionallines at proportionals raise.

Advertisements should be handed in before 5 p. m.

### MERCHANT TAILORS. P. CURTIN, MERCHANT TAILOR,

210 Pennsylvania avenue, near Willards' Hotel, Will sell for CASH at 25 per cent cheaper than an

### H. KOPPEL.

WATCHESANDJEWELRY OLD JEWELRY, WATCHES, AND INVENTION OF SILVERWARE.

I have on hand, said on constantly receiving, all of the latest styles of lewelry for which I will sell as cheep as grounts articles can be purchased for a say responsible establishment in this or anyother city.

As examination and comparison of the quality and prices respectfully requested at 250 Pennsylvania areans.

H. O. HOOD

W M. R. U. T. H. E. R. F. O. R. D.
WHOLESALE AND VEYALL DELIER IN
Depot for LAINTE, OLLS, VARNISHEE,
Lead, Palal Brashes, Waldow files fracey's pure
Lead, Palal Brashes, Waldow files fracey's pure
Sperm Oils, Lampe, Chinaney, Wicks, &c., &c.
No. 500 5 street, between Twelfth and ThirLeath streets, and 476 Seventh street,
Opposite Post Office Department.
Mixed paint ready for use of the best quality. Ordure for plate and ground glass received and promptlyxitooded to

C. S. WHITTLESEY,

RESCRIPE, WHALK, STREETLAL, AND LAST OILS, OILS, PAINTS SPIRITS OF TURPEN-TIRE, WISDOW GLASS, KEROSESS AND ETHERFAL OIL LAMPS,

Of every description, wicks, crimmers, dath, editions, de., editions, editions, de., editions, e SELLOGO'S FIRS NO SELECT FOR MACHINETY METWERN LOUISIANA AVENUE AND D STREET 1st-indfelom WARGINGTON, D. C.

PAINTING.

53 LOUISIANA AVENUE. 53 C. T. BOWEN.

BOURE,
SION, AND
ORNAMENTAL PAINTER AND GLAZIER,
Takes this method of stating that he is new fully
prepared, as herefolders to exceed an it, inds of work
in the House, High and Preses Painting, Graining
and Calesmilling at the shortest bottles and in the
best manner, at moderaic prices. Thankful to my
old frieude for former paintonage, I ress "Multy sak a
continuance of the same."

"YI IT

### PAINTING.

# M. T. PARKER & MACNICHOL'S

GENERAL HOUSEPAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 59 Louisiana Avenue, between Sixtl and Seventh streets. PLAIN and DECORATIVE HALL PAINTING,

FREECOLAG, GALCIMIZING in every variety of color; GRAINING and MARBLING in imitation of all kinds of wood and stone.

GILDING and BRONZING. CHINA GLOSS, OR ENAMEL WHITE PAINT

Judges tor American Judges and sariculared implement and sariculared Wallach, John Van Elemine, Song, State of the Market Stat AND AGLOSS, OR ENAMEL WHITE PAINT ING, and every sivis of BORGE PECOLATION, excented in the most faished and tasteful example BRICK FIGNESS CLEANED, OLLED, AND PENGLED.

PLAIN AND ILLUMINATED SIGNS, BANNERS, FLAGS, AND TRANSPARENCIES With every description of OLNAMENTAL BION work executed in the mealest and richest styles. STANDARD and PUREST MATERIALS only are used, and first-clear workness ampliored.

M. T. BANNERS & MARKET MATERIALS only are

need, and first-class workness employed.

M. T. PARKEE & MACNICHOL,

1925. 50 Lou. avonue, b't fixth and Seventh air to thand Seventhair is John Sayers, D. V. Burr, B. Bryan, Joseph Hamile, POUDRETTE.

Page's United States Pondreits for sale in any quantity by J. P. Harthatow, sale sgent, No. 558 Seventh street, below the avenue.

# FENTON & MARTIN.

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS. CORNER OF TWEIFTH STREET AND THE CANAL WASHINGTON, D. C.,

Make Sanh, Doors and Silade, Box and Solid Window Frames Chapper than can be done at any other Establishment in the City. JOBBING OF ALL KINDS PHOMPTLY ATTRIBUED

LADIES'.

The M. Missine, 502
Missine, 502
Missine, 502
Missine, 507
Missine, 50

G EORGE WILNER PAPERHANGER AND UPHOLSTERER. IMPORTUR AND BEALER IS PRESCH AND AMERICAN PAPERNARGINGS

UPHOLYTERY GOODS,
454 Nimits street west, bulke on D and F atrects,
full. Washington, D. C.

### NEW STORE. 355

BURR & HOWSER, Dealers in Ladies' and Gentlemen's FURNISHING GOODS, PANCY ARTICLES Perfumery, Tollet Requisites, &c.
THOMAS S. BURR. M. L. HOWSER
130 Fairest, between Night and Teath.

JAMES Y. DAVIS, (Established 1880,) HATTER AND FURBIER.

> STRAW GOODS, CANES, UMBRELLAS, &c.

NO. MIS PENNSTLVANIA AVENUE. POTOMAC FERRY COMPANY.

rine National Capitol.
All inscessing arrangements will be made to render intersecondortable.
Officers will be salested at the next meeting of the acceptators and daily published. WARHINGTON AND ALEXAPORIA. Bu7-tf WASHINGTON CITY GARDEN The proprietor of this well known and popular acc of resort desires to call the attention of secondary, Schools, and private parties wishing to give enter, the title of the calles, the calles are the title of the calles are the calles are the title of the calles are the calles are

The Eleumbrate of the Campany leave each place EVERT HOUR, from 0 o viote, a. he was until Juliote, p. m. Laws from 1 to o what foat of Seventh street, Washington. The Seventh-street Cars counsed with the Boats.

Leaves the whist, foot of invents arout, for Curric una as a incorrection must arout, for Curric that Modificate as 6 o'dock, Returning Wilders DAY and Stablack of by m.

FOR MOUNT VESSOR:
On and after THURBUAY, September 5, the atsame
or Mount Verson will leave the wheat of the company EVERT TRUESDAY MORNING at 10 o'clock; returning, the west will arrive about 355 p.m. w. D. COLT. au 80-14 President Putomas Ferry Co.

AMUSEMENTS, ETC.

NATIONAL THEATRE

SPALDING & RAPLEY, Proprietors and Managers

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1947,

WITH THE CREEBBATED

BOHEMIAN GIRL

SPECIAL NOTICE.

MR. EDWIN BOOTH

The Distinguished American Tragedian

Will appear on the evenings of the week sommeng September 9, at

HOLLIDAY-STREET THEATRE, BALTIMORE,

CONNESCING WITH

ONE OF HIS FINEST CHARACTERS.

HORSE PAIR.

TO BE HELD ON THE NATIONAL RACE CODYSE

WASHINGTON, D. C.,

communiting Mercay, the 28th day of October, 1887,

PREMIUM LISTS IN MONEY AND MEDALS.

Amounting to \$20,000, will be awarded.

tion or the different mention on the address of the awarding Col. J. G. Berrat.

The College of the College of

MARYLAND

VIRGINIA.

Hos. John M. Botte,
Mejor Thos. W. Daswell,
Colonel O. P. Hars.
Cyrus Martin, Mej.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Pluce, Eeq. J. H. Devell, Req.,

80UTH GAROLINA.

81 L. Off,
Georgia-Joshun B. Hill, Req.
Florida-Bins. B. A. Malloy,
Alabama-J. H. McKintey, Req.
Alabama-J. H. McKintey, Req.
Company of the March Company
C

Sebraska-Hos. Mr. Worthington Lowa-H. E. Dodge, Esq. Wisconsin.—Joseph J. King, Esq. Minnesota.—Thomas P. Smith. Sevada.—James S. Atthises. Oregon.—Hou Rufus Mallery.

je kiloy,

James W. Hoyt,

Jakes

PENESYLVANIA.

L. Wrence,

L. Krepps,

H. B. Yan Vorhees

L. Krepps,

Mathe-Golonel Fassenders

New Hamplitre—E Darks,

Vermont—Indge Smalley,

Massachuselts—Golonel H. P. Peure,

Rlode Island—Golonel Amass Sprage

Connection—Hon. Charles L. English

New Jersey—Nat. Townsend,

Delawars—Hon. Willard Ranishary,

Ohis—Golonel W. D. Bennis,

Illinois—General J. A. Logan.

Illinois—General J. A. Logan.

The List of Promiums to be awarded will be a -verticed in a few days.

All owners of running and trotting horses and thorough bred stock, and manufacturers of agricul-taryl implements and mechanism will have an op-portunity of exhibiting on the grounds in the vicinity of the Mathonat Capitol.

ace of the state of the washington city Garden.

Washington city Garden.

178-tf

A. MOFFITT,

Colonel Oden Bowle, Frank Hull, Esq., Clem Mill, A. Johnson, John Thomas, Colonel Thomas Bowle, S. W. Berry, Esq.,

II. Place, Esq.

and continuing up to the 15th of Bovember

# National Republican.

WAS HINGTON CITY, D. C., FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 6, 1867.

By WILLIAM L. WALL & CO. AUCTIONERRS, es \$15 and \$17, Southwest corner of Pennsylvani avenue and Ninth street. ARGE AND PEREMPTORY SALE OF MARSIN AT THE UNITED STATES OF STREET OF STREET

AUCTION SALES.

by catalogus— 417 Blocks of Marble lying around the Capito grounds.

Terms of sale are. Cash in Government funds.

Terms of sale are. Cash in Government funds.

The side-to be removed within ten days after the sale of the RICHINGS ENGLISH OPERA TROUPE,

BY JOHN B. WHEELER & CO.

PUBLIC SALE AT THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTA TIVES, UNITED STATES CAPITOL, OF FURNI TURE, CARPETS AND MATTING.

On WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, commencing at 10 o'clock, a. m., we will offer for sale, in the vestibule more the east front of the House of Representatives, an extensive and varied assortium; a Furniture, constning of Office Tables and Chairs Funk and Hair-Cloth Sioks and Lounges; also, large 10t of Brussels Carpeting, Matting, and Ot Gloths. Gloths.
A deposit will be required from parties not knows
to the Auctionsor.
Terms Cash.
All gnods to be removed within three-days or they
will be resold.
J. B. WHEELER & CO.,

As Mr. B. has declined most extravagant inducements to appear in Washington, this will be the most convenient opportunity for the friends of the drain in the District to witness his far-famed pet sonations of Shakspersan and other characters. KALAMORA HOSPITAL BUILD CROICE SEATS can now be occured by addressing

DRFOT QUARTERMARTER'S OFFICE, Will be seld at public auction, by direction of the Grantermote problem of the Grantermote problem of the Grantermote problem, by direction of the Grantermote problem of the Grantermote probl Orchestra chairs (sach) 81 × 100 Admieston Ticknes 1 00 Admieston Ticknes 73 etc. The sale of seats to citizens of Baltimers will not begin until Monday, September 2. e3-tf [Chron. Intel. Star, Emp. & Union copy.] GRAND NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION

GOVERNMENT SALE AT HILTON
BEAD, S. C. The following Ordnance Property will be sold public austica, at Ordnance Deput, hillon Head, S. on TUESDAY, September 24, 1847, commencing at

Mr.: 1400 nets tons of fibel and Shell.

2614 Leaded Shell.

1554 Canalister Filed.

262 Seray Cast Garay Cast Shell.

150 Wrought Iron

Brass

10 Wrought Iron

1 Artillery Carringon, Iron.

23 Wooden Carringon, Iron.

23 Wooden Carringon, Iron.

23 Wooden Chance and Bilden, Ironed.

250 Raddise, (Artillery, Ironed.

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250 Raddise, Ironed.

250 Raddise

currency.

Ample time shlowed for the removal of property, as the expiration of which that not remov a will revert to the Government.

By suthority of Chief of Ordinance.

Capiala and M. S. K.,
and deed! In charge of Ordinance Deput.

MARTIN & HUNTER,
RECTIFIERS,
OLD WOLLDARD ROTPIERS,
OLD AND RECTIFIERS,
St. Louisians avenue, near Ninth street, (south side, aulb-im Washington, D. C.

CONFEDERATE BONDS WANTED

First National Bank, August 29, 1867.
We have an order for a moderate amount of the about PAR Cast. noise or TRR C. S. A., and unit Blied, will buy all that are offered, at the best rate of the control of the control

277 PRINSYLVANIA AVENUR. 277

PRINCE'S

NEWLY RETABLISHED LOAN OFFICE.

These requiring such accommodation will do well to call on me. All Lash its a trial, and I feel asserted that twill secure your favors.

S. B. Private entrance and office: ring the bail bail.

WE HAVE, IN ADDITION TO OUR rogular business of Flumbing and das Fitting, opened and fitted up a large Show-Room at No. 483, Blink furest between D and E streets, adjuling Union Hall, where may be found the largest and mont complote assortment. CHANDELIBRS, BRACKETS, PORTABLES, Ac., &c.

HANDALIANO, a the city, at prices to suit all.

BHOWN & POWER,

BHOWN & ATT and 483 Night street,

balween D and E streets. J. P. BARTHOLOW.

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER HANDWARM,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, SEEDS, AND PERTILIZEES, AGENT FOR PAIRBANKS SCALES AND MEE. BING'S BAYES SOS SEVENTH ST., WASHINGTON, D. 25 KING ST., ALEXANDRIA, VA. fes.dawty

## NEW STRAWBERRIES FOR 1867-8.

NAPOLEON III. The best Amaieur Berry in cultivation Price (by mail, postage paid,) \$3 per dusen. PERPETUAL PINE. A perpetual, large fruited Strawberry of the Pine

Price (by mati, pestage paid,) \$1 for 2 plauls, \$5 per Hend for Ulmstrated descriptive sireniar. We also offer a large and splendld stock of

we also oner a large and spleadld stock of FRUITAND ORNAMENTAL TREES, ORAPE VINES, EMALL FRUITS, &c., of which we mail Descriptive Catalogues, with prices, to all applicants, ROWARD J. EVANS & CO.,

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Userno Status Paris To Price.

Washington, august 20, 1867.

On the petition of James Watt, of Charlistown,
Massackusatts, preying for the extension of a patent
granted to him on the 6th day of December, 1853,
for an improvement is valve arrange spents for steam
hammers, for seven years from the expiration of value
patent, which takes place on the 6th day of December,
1867.

# Mational Mepublican.

#2-FOR INTERESTING LOCAL NEWS

### HIGHLY IMPORTANT! GENERAL SICELES' REPORT.

For several days past the newspaper fraternity have been on the qui vive to ferret out and bring to light the report of General Significations to General Grant, it being understood that and report had been received at the War Office. It was understood that Mr. Binoniar's report did not present all the material facts having relation to the difficulty in North Carolina. Mr. Sickles' report in now miss described to lay country, and we regret our inability to lay country, and we regret our readers. We can only find room for the more important portions of this paper. The re-August 20, 1867; and General Stokles.

August 20, 1867; and General Sickles, after some preleminaries, says:

The refusal of the marshal for the District of North Carolins to give any information about the process of the United States courts in his hands has prevented final action in the matter, for the want of reliable official data. Although, for the same reason, this report has been delayed, no doubt is entertained as to the substantial accuracy of the information derived from other sources, and herewith communications. from other sources, and herewith commy

that accuracy of the amormation derived from other sources, and herewith communicated, in relation to the process the marshal demands shall be executed.

Early in the present month a communication was received from the marshal for the district of North Carolina, dated July 39, 1867, informing me that Col. Frank, communication issued at the June term of the United States Circuit Court. The communication, although exceptionable in tone and matter, was referred to the post commander for report. Col. Frank himself, about the same time, reported that he had temporarily suspended the proceedings of the deputy masshal, assigning, as a reason for his action, that the enforcement of the execution was believed to be in violation of paragraph 11. General Order No. of the execution was believed to be in vio-lation of paragraph II. General Order No. 10. This action of Col. Frank's was ap-proved; and he was theeted to report all the facts of the case, when further instruc-tions would be sent is him.

On the 17th instant Col. Frank having reported that the mathial was proceeding to enforce his process, the following com-munication on the susect was on the same day addressed to the headquarters of the army:

army:

Hando'ns Sacone Milyant District, 1
Charlespos, S. C. Aug. 17, 1807.

Adjustent General, United States demy, Plantages, I arm of the Commanding officer at Wilmington reports to me the morning that the United States Marshes for North Carolina is instructed by the Attorney General to enforce imm, diately all executions of the court, and to report the structed years and to report the United States courts, and to report the names of persons offering obstructions, with a view to proceed a minst them under the criminal laws of the United States, and asks for instructions. I caused the commanding officer to be informed that on the receipt of the report he has been oftered to make in relation to the pend of cases, he will receive further instructions.

dered to make in relation to the pend. A cases, he will receive further instructions, and that mean while he will not permit the order or decree of any court to be enforced in violation of existing military orders.

These threats of the Attorney General, repeated by the Marshal, are foreshadowed in a laise and scandalous article on this subject, pablished, it seems, not without authority in the National Intelligencer on Monday last, and to which I respectfully invite attention. I will remark that the question now raised in this matter is not new. Last July, the United States court in South Carolina ordered me to surrender four citizens under sentence of death for the murder of three soldiers of the garrison at Anderson Court-House. I refused, and the murder of three soldiers of the garman at Anderson Court-House. I refused, and the court ordered the Marshal to arrest me. The case having been reported to the Adjutant General of the Army, the Secretary of War instructed me not to give up the prisoners, not to submit to arrest, but to take into custody any and all nersons attempting either. The Presiarrest, but to take into custody any and all persons attempting either. The Presi-dent afterwards commuted the sentences of these men to imprisonment for life, when they were sent to Fort Delaware, and there discharged by a judge of the United States court.

If the United States Courts in the rebel States he allowed to courte in the rebel

States be allowed to control the military anthorities, the execution of the recon-struction acts will, for obvious reasons,

authorities without adequate means of re-lief; and the gravity of the situation is in-creased by the general disposition shown by creditors to enforce, upon an impover-ished people, the immediate collection of all claims.

"To suffer all this to go on without re-straint or remedy is to sacrifice the general

"To suffer all this to go on without re-straint or remedy is to sacrifice the general good. The rights of creditors shall be re-spected; but the appeal of want and suffer-ing must be heeded. Moved by these con-siderations, the following regulations are announced: They will continue in force, with such modifications as the occasion may require, until the civil government of the respective States shall be established, in accordance with the requirements of the Government of the United States.
"The Commanding General carnestly

Government of the United States.

"The Commanding General carnestly desires and confidently believes that the observance of these regulations, and the co-operation of all persons concerned in employing fairly and justly the advantages still remaining to them will mitigate the distress now existing; and that the avenues of industry, enterprise, and organizations thus opened, will contribute to the permanent welfare and future happiness of the people." people.

Gen. Sickles concludes his report, portion of which we, for want of space re obliged to omit, as follows:

"The work of reconstruction in the Carolinas has all been done quietly, without violence, without the actual exercise of force. It is known the force was held and will be used if necessary. Nor can I hesitate in giving it to you as my deliberate conviction, that if civil agencies had been employed in the work of reconstruction, or had been allowed to control the military in the measures to be taken, they would have failed; and that failure would have involved at some time a resort to military force, not to preserve order, but to suppress violence; and the blood so shed would have cried out to the people upon whose soil it had fallen. "The work of reconstruction in the Car

would have cried out to the people upon whose soil it had fallen.
"And when I consider how wide a chasm has been spanned, how much of a seemingly hopeless task has been achieved, how little remains to be done, to secure all that a dreadful war was waged to accomplish; how near is the approach to a returned Union; and when I realize to myself that all of this is to be put to great peril and hazard by measures which threaten to impair the authority and lessen the means of those upon whom success or failure depend, I have only to express, in the most respectful manner, my astonish the most respectful manner, my astonishment and regret. That done, and having performed the further duty of presenting fully in this report the facts and considerations bearing upon the important question now at issue, I shall faithfully obey any

now at issue, I shall faithfully obey any order you may give to me.

"Very respectfully, your obedient servant, D. E. Sickles, "Major General Commanding."

Gen. U. S. Grant, commanding armies of the United States.

General Sickles then refers to paragraph

11 of his order No. 10, upon which com-ments have been so fully made, and then proceeds as follows:

"It has been charged that I have made an issue with the Supreme Court, and have set at defiance its decrees. It is utterly unfounded. If a subordinate functionary unfounded. If a subordinate functionary of a court of the United States, whether of this own purposes, or those of any others, choose so to execute its functions that either he must be controlled, or else the military authority established by Congres's over these States is to be defied by him, and thu, held up to contempt, the issue is nade up on ensibly with a military commander, but in fact with the Congress of the United States. The military authority in these States is the cr. States is here to execute the laws Congress. has passed. The modes and the agencies now, "rovided and employed to execute the purpos." of Congress; the authority given has been confirmed, and the discretion by which that authority was controlled has been enlarged. of a court of the United States, whether

inthority was controlled has been cultured in the controlled has been cultured.

In the would be in vain to charge me with a want of proper respect to the judicial department of the Government, when, to the utmost possible limit to which I could go, I have exhibited that deference and respect to it which I felt that it became all persons in authority to exhibit. I have responded here, in my official capacity, to the summons of the court of the United States. I have, when required, respectfully presented for its consideration the causes and the grounds of my official conduct. And when its order was made to attach my person and commit me to the jail, I was told from the only source through which I could learn the wishes of the President, not to submit to the arrest. That Bitting is certify that we have an adjusted by the propulse in the president, not to submit to the arrest. The Bitting of Colombia of Advisories, Va. With all the propulse of the President, not to submit to the arrest. The Bitting of Colombia of Advisories, Va. With all the propulse of the President, not to submit to the arrest. The Bitting of Colombia of Advisories, Va. With all the propulse of the President, not to submit to the arrest. The Bitting of Colombia of Advisories, Va. With all the propulse of the President, not to submit to the arrest. The Bitting of Colombia of Advisories, Va. With all the Province Colombia and the grounds of the President, not to submit to the arrest. struction acts will, for obvious reasons, soon become impracticable. Some of these courts will begin by declaring these acts of Congress void.

D. E. Sickles, Major General Commanding. On the same day the following reply was received from the General-in-Chief:

Wasnisoros, August 17, 1897.

Your dispatch, of this date, received. Follow the course of action indicated by you as right, and regard my dispatch of the 13th as entirely withdrawn.

The complaint now made is, that I have the President, not to submit to the arrest, but to arrest those who would attempt to arrest me. And although the order of the court, for disobedience to which I was thus threatened, commanded me to de-liver certain prisoners who had been tried and condemned for the murder of Union

you as right, and regard my dispatch of the 13th as entirely withdrawn.

The instructions contained in the foregoing telegram have been observed. No communication from the President, on this subject, has been received by m.

General Siccuss then refers to and encloses copies of the reports of the position of the policy which constrained at Wilmington; also, a copy of a letter addressed to him by Marshal Goodnos, of North Carolina. He then says:

"The general destitution prevailing smong the population of this military district, may position would have been truly stated. For I defirmly believe that Congress, intendig to fine the jurisdiction of the Child States in Court for South Carolina.

The complaint now made is, that I have forbidden the execution of the process of the court of the United States in North Carolina, and have thus set myself above the law of the land. If it had been fairly the law of the land. If it had been fairly the law of the land in the determine the opinion that the same reasons of public policy which constrained me to determine the ine and among the collections of debts should equally guide me in the execution of the process of the court of the United States in North Carolina, and have thus set myself above the law of the land. If it had been fairly the law of the land in the description of the process of the court of the United States in North Carolina, and have thus set myself above the law of the land. If it had been fairly the law of the land in the execution of the process of the court of the United States in North Carolina, and have thus set myself above the law of the l granting the him on the thin age of Besember, 1935, for an improvement is valve arrangements for atoms age. The series of the control of the military district, may harmore, for seven years from the appraison of valley age. The general destitution prevailing harmore, for seven years from the appraison of valley age. The general destitution prevailing harmore, for seven years from the spiritude of valley and the valley of the second of the control of the second politic mounted have been truly stated. For the general destitution prevailing among the population of this military district cannot be relieved without affording means for the development of their industrial resources. The nature and extent to the United States show cause, if any hep-have, why sale and the second spinitude is according to the course of the United States should not be petitively and the seal desaring, must be taken and transmitted in second cause with the trules of the second sees which the relieved the state of the course of the United States should be sure as a set of second sees the second sees with the relieved the state of the second sees as the second sees of the second sees as the second sees of the United States should be coursed the course of the United States should be coursed, it is classed the second seed of the second sees the second sees the second sees the second seed of the second sees th

If I was disposed to narrow the ground of my justification, it would be easy for me to draw your attention to the fact that had the marshal in North Carolina wished to accure harmonious action between the military and the civil departments of the Government, it could have been easily done by simply postpoping the exactly done by simply postponing the execution of his process until the next term of the court—the time when by law he was required to make his return. This proceeding would have carried with it an acquiescence in the authority of the military governments established in the rebel States as provided by Courters. as provided by Congress.

NO. 142

Courtesy in Official Intercourse. Complaisance in office is a positive virtue; but we are sorry to observe that it is too often the ex-ception rather than the rule. The fact of the too frequent exhibition of incivility expressed in short, curt answers, with a cold and forbidding exterior, by public officials when approached by gentlemen having business with their offices, a fords sufficient justification for this remark. are aware, however, that there are many honor able gentlemen in the public departments whose deportment in this respect is more worthy of uralse than censure. Hence it is, when we see courteous manners, united with a disposition to afford all legitimate information, in the departments, to persons having business there, we feat like commending its manifestation.

We take pleasure in saying, in this connection, in illustration of this topic, we know of none more worthy of mention than Hon, H. J. ANDERSON, the Auditor of the Treesury for the Peat Office Department; a gentleman whose un-affected, dignified demeator, unobtrusive mannor, and courteous depurtment in official intersource marits the distinction of which we speak. course marks the distinction of which we speak.
We are well aware that Mr. Amennow is too far advanced, and has had too much experience in public life to feel flattered by any mere complimontary allusions at our hands; but we cannot refrain from expressing this much to his praise. The creditable and faithful performance of his public duties, in other prominent positions in his own State, and as a Representative in Congress and in the Treasury Department, for a series of years, is, in itself, a nomerable mark of his abil-ity and fitness; while his aniform urbanity affords an example which might well be imitated by those occupying similar publicans.

While on this topic, and speaking of this bu rean, we are reminded that we should not forget the efficient and gentlemanty chief clerk, J. M. McGunw, esq., who has compled the position he now holds with great satisfaction during the terms of office of three several Auditors, in certain of omes of three several Auditor, in-cluding Hon. E. SELLE, Hon. J. N. Ansolm, and the present incumbent. To sil who are familiar with the manner in which Mr. McGuzw has performed the duties of his office this can be accounted for, from the fact that he was found well qualified, not only by a familiar acquaintance with the details of business trans acted here, in all its relations to the examination and niljustment of accounts, but also, by the training and anguirements incident to the profersion and practice of the law, with which be was formerly connected. To this may be very justly added, an affable manner, and an obliging disposition; a high merit, for which like his chief, he has gained an enviable reputation. We believe this will be at once conceded by all who have come in contact with him, either in o out of his office. Such qualifications are note vertby, and fully justify all we have said. Ou remarks are unprompted and freely expressed.

and we trust they are not out of place. The Penians of Albany are again pre-paring for the "war path." A circular has been issued and sent to bindreds of young men who are friendly to the cause of Ire-land, inviting them to attend a meeting for consultation. The place of holding the meeting to be kept secret.

A NEWSPAPER NOVELIST, shocked at the price which Bonner paid for Dexter, hopes price which Bonner paid for Dexter hopes there won't be many "to follow his ex-ample." Well—no: the danger isn't alarming!

CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

Strangers in Washington should not full to BUNGH's CHRUTLATING LIBERTY, Councer of Finth (No. Ma) and D streets, a taken over 10 (00) books of every description loss and by the Day, West, Monthley Vant. For some you can supply yourself with a month and you can supply yourself with a month

tigs brands of on. Hands of the second viscount, viscount, viscount place of the second place of the secon

"QUET THE THIS." .- Pages places. "REWALLS OF INDUSTRY." PROPERTY VIRGINIA."

OP. C. MAYO'S NAVY."

H. P. CLINTON'S "SALIDA SWEET," "Preside. SMOKING TOBACCOS.

COMMERCON THE CLO BOMISION, COMMERCON THE THEORY COMMERCON, COMMER PRO POSALS FOR NEW JAIL.

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### THE DEPARTMENTS.

Interior Department.

GENERAL LAND OFFICE.—The Commissionar has received from the Register of the Fort Dodge Land Office ten special certificates, issued under the act of March 2, 1865, for swamp land tadeunity, and located on lands in the Fort Dodge district. These lands were issued for the counties of Washington, Shelby, Tapler, Wright, Winnebago, Montgomery, Hamilton, Page, Adams, and Andubon, and amount in the aggregate to 24, 912.65 acres.

Indian Naws...The Indian Office is in re-ceipt of the following dispatch, dated Omaha, September 4th:
"Iron Shell Brute, shief, with 180 Indiana, arrived at North Platte to-day. He is from the northern hostile camp.
"H. B. DENMAR, Superintendent."
We shall hear the result of this arrival in a

Navy Department.
Annivate. The Navy Department has the 

NAVAL BULLETIN ... Detached Passed Assistant Paymaster A. W. Bacon, from the "Marble hand."

head."
Lt. Commander R. K. Duer, from the "Canandalgua," and placed on waiting orders.
Mats Peter O'Conor, from the "Shamut," and
ordered to the "Vermont."

Ossemann.—Assistant Psymaster John F. Parbell, to the "Marbishoad."

Treasury Department Tressury Department.
Formun Immonation von Osa Yaan. Director Delmar furnishes the following estatistics
of immigration for the official year ended Jane
30, 1867. The returns from the districts of Sas Francisco, New Orleans, Texas, Oregon, Milwankee and Genessee are incomplete.
The total number of passengers arrived in the
United States, during the fiscal year ended Jane
30, 1867, as far as reported, was 304, 671.

Tug Queen has gone to Scotland. A CAMBRIDGE, England, rat devoured wenty-four canary birds at a sitting.

The damage to wheat in Maine by rust has been greatly exaggerated.

REV. CHAPIN gets \$10,000 salary, and Beecher gets \$12,500. ALBERT H. WOOD has written a song

A FRENCH AGENCY for matrimonial allimes concludes an advertisement with:

IF THE "yarns" they spin about Man-chester, England, be true, the state of trade is lively there.

ADA ISAAC MENKIN was a decided failure in Vienus. So it appears the Vienness prefer the draped drams.

MME. DE METTERNICU'S fan is a perfoat niece of art. It is made of pink mother-of-pearl, with lace leaves over fawn silk. A Louisbungtan was robbed of \$600 last

"Umbrillas Recovered Here," is the equivocal announcement of a Brooklya storekeeper.

can banker, is still lying dangerously with dropsy of the heart, at Paris.

THE name of the only survivor of the crew of the schooner-yacht, John T. Ford, which was lost in the English channel, is

STREET dresses are still worn short in Paris, and will continue through the winter, when blue cloth and large buttons Tue Tuscarora Indians have a tract near

Hox. John L. Halle, Governor-elect of centucky, is suffering from severe illness, and will have to be inaugurated at his own esidence.

called a — liar, a — thief, and a scoundrel, entitles a gentleman to \$15,000

Tun Gamblers' Protective Union, of w York, have raised by subscription the festive gamblers can gambol on the green again.

The Springfield Republican says that Robert Bonner, owner of the Ledger, Dex-ter, Beecher and Greeley, is one of the fashionables who have summer homes in Lenex, Muss. HAVANA has found a new source of reve-

THE Ohio and Mississippi Company are

GES. HUSSEIN, the Turkish War Minister, has arrived in Canada.

for Parepa.

THE Detroit Board of Trade has passed a resolution that two hundred pounds shall hereafter constitute a barrel of flour.

John Musicon, the well-known Ameri-

Lond Millon discovered gold enough in British Columbia to hammer, with his own noble hands, into a wedding ring for his bride.

Armstrong.

of the same are to be adopted.

An English jury has decided that to be

The clock on the Universalist church at Harre, Vt., has run for two years and kept perfect time, neither band having been suched in that time

havassa has found a new source or revenue. Some 21,000 cock fights take place there every year, and imposing a license of sito per day on the fighters, a neat little our will be obtained. There is \$420,000 invested in that business in Havana.

making arrangements to lay a third rail (marrow gauge) from St. Louis to Odin. This will be accomplished this fall, when ears will run through to Cairo and Chicago without change.